Relationships required for Higher Physics (revised)

$$d = \bar{v}t$$

$$s = \bar{v}t$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$s = \frac{1}{2}(u + v)t$$

$$W = mg$$

$$F = ma$$

$$E_W = Fd$$

$$E_P = mgh$$

$$E_K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$P = \frac{E}{t}$$

$$p = mv$$

$$Ft = mv - mu$$

$$F = G\frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

$$t' = \frac{t}{\sqrt{1 - \left(v/c\right)^2}}$$

$$l' = l\sqrt{1 - \left(v/c\right)^2}$$

$$f_o = f_s\left(\frac{v}{v \pm v_s}\right)$$

$$z = \frac{\lambda_{observed} - \lambda_{rest}}{\lambda_{rest}}$$

$$z = \frac{v}{c}$$

$$v = H_0 d$$

$$E_W = QV$$

$$E = mc^2$$

$$E = hf$$

$$E_K = hf - hf_0$$

$$E_2 - E_1 = hf$$

$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$v = f\lambda$$

$$d\sin\theta = m\lambda$$

$$n = \frac{\sin\theta_1}{\sin\theta_2}$$

$$\frac{\sin\theta_1}{\sin\theta_2} = \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} = \frac{v_1}{v_2}$$

$$\sin\theta_c = \frac{1}{n}$$

$$I = \frac{k}{d^2}$$

$$I = \frac{P}{A}$$

path difference $= m\lambda$ or $\left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\lambda$ where $m = 0, 1, 2...$

$$\text{random uncertainty} = \frac{\text{max. value - min. value}}{\text{number of values}}$$

$$V_{peak} = \sqrt{2}V_{rms}$$

$$I_{peak} = \sqrt{2}I_{rms}$$

$$Q = It$$

$$V = IR$$

$$P = IV = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$R_T = R_1 + R_2 + ...$$

$$\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + ...$$

$$E = V + Ir$$

$$V_1 = \left(\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}\right)V_S$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{R_1}{R_2}$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}QV = \frac{1}{2}CV^2 = \frac{1}{2}\frac{Q^2}{C}$$